

*Crepis hypochaeridea* subsp. *brevicaulis* subsp. nov.—Planta 1–1.2 dm. alta; folia 3–7 cm. longa interdum 1.5 cm. lata oblanceolata denticulata puberula vel glabrata; caules remote 2–3-ramosi, ramis divaricatis pedunculatis vel bicephalicis; involucrium 9–12 mm. longum glandulosum et setulosum; corolla 12–13 mm. longa; antherae 4 mm. longae; rami styli 1.2–1.5 mm. longi flavi; achaenia 6.5–8.5 mm. longa, rostro 2–3 mm. longo; pappus 5.5–6 mm. longus.

Distinct from subsp. *rhodesica* in the dwarf, spreading habit, longer outer involucrial bracts, black setules on inner bracts, pubescence of corolla-tube, narrower and longer beaked achenes.

Known only from the type locality where it was observed to be very local.

TRANSVAAL: Zoutpansberg Mts., Pisang Hoek, upper hill slopes, *Galpin* in 1935 (UC 540739) type.

*Crepis ircuitensis* sp. nov.—Caulis supra 4.5 dm. altus teretus striatus vel sulcatus glabrescens purpurellus remote ramosus paniculatus, ramis inferiores elongatis strictis ad summitatem cymose 4-ramosis, ramulis pedunculatis, inflorescentia aggregata cymosocorymbiformia; folia caulina inferiores 7 cm. longa 0.7 cm. lata oblanceolata acuta repandodenticulata breve petiolata glabrata, nervo albo prominente; folia altera gradatim reducta linearia sessilia superiora bracteaformia; pedunculi 4–8 cm. longi stricti vel arcuati infra glabrati supra puberuli vel glanduloso-pubescentes, apud capitulum bracteis paucis parvis; capitula erecta medioeria circa 30-flora; involucrium cylindrico-campanulatum 10–12 mm. altum ad medium 5–6 mm. latum nigroviride tomentulosum glanduloso-pubescentibus; squamae exteriores 5–6 lineares acutae quam interiores triplo breviores; squamae interiores 10–14 lanceolatae acutae ad apicem ciliatae ventrale glabrae et albo-nervulosae ultimo in dorso tenuiter carinatae et ad basim induratae; receptaculum glabrum; corolla 13–14 mm. longa, ligula 2.25 mm. lata, tubo 4 mm. longo glabro; antherae 3.75 mm. longae, appendicibus 0.8 mm. longis sagittatis, filamentis 1 mm. longioribus; rami styli circa 2 mm. longi 0.15 mm. lati flavi; achaenia fusco-purpurea ad apicem flavidula 4.5–5 mm. longa 0.8 mm. lata subtereta fusiformia circa 13-costata, costis tenuis glabris vel muriculatis; pappus albus circa 7 mm. longus 2-seriatus, setis inaequalibus persistentibus.

Known only from the type locality.

SIBERIA: Irkutsk Prov., Sajon Mts., along the upper course of the Irkut and Oka rivers, *Komarov*, Aug. 31, 1902, flowers and fruits (B) type.

*Crepis ircuitensis* is intermediate between *C. Bungei* Ledeb. and *C. tectorum* L., but it can not be considered to be a hybrid between them for many reasons.

CREPIS LYBICA (Pamp.) comb. nov. (*Crepis taraxacifolia* Thuill. var. *lybica* Pamp., Nuovo Gior. Bot. Ital. n.s. 24:158. 1917.)

CREPIS MULTICAULIS Ledeb. subsp. GENUINA (Rgl.) comb. nov. (*Crepis multicaulis* var. *genuina* Rgl., ex Regel, Rach et Herder, Bull. Soc. Nat. Moscou 32:216. 1859; *Crepis multicaulis* Ledeb., Fl. Altaica 4:125. 1833.)

CREPIS MULTICAULIS subsp. CONGESTA (Rgl.) comb. nov. (*Crepis multicaulis* var. *congesta* Rgl., Bull. Soc. Nat. Moscou 40:178. 1867; *C. Stoliczkae* C. B. Clarke, Comp. Ind. 255. 1876.)

*Crepis Newii* Oliver et Hiern subsp. *Greenwayi* subsp. nov.—Herba perennis 1–2 dm. alta; caudex rectus ligneus circa 1 cm. latus; folia caudicalia numerosa rosulata oblanceolata vel elliptica obtusissima sinuato-denticulata breve petiolata eglanduloso-setulosa; folia caulina parva linearia; caulis erectus non fistulosus 4-ramosus, ramis infernis elongatis 2–4-cephalicis, inflorescentia aggregata cymosocorymbiformia; capitula medioeria circa 50-flora; involucria campanulata 10 mm. longa tomentulosa; squamae exteriores 10–15