## 7. Crepis tibetica sp. nov.

Perennial, about 50 cm. high, with short horizontal or oblique rhizomate rootstock and fibrous roots; radical leaves up to 22 cm. long and 2.2 cm. wide, rather few, ascending, oblanceolate, acute or obtuse, dentate, runcinate-pinnatifid with remote narrow acute segments, tapering into a winged petiole nearly equal to blade, sparsely hispidulous on both sides with yellow eglandulose hairs or glabrescent above and hispid only on the veins beneath; cauline leaves similar, upper ones bract-like; stems 3-5, erect, elongate, remotely 3-5-branched from near base or 2-3-branched above, terete, striate, glabrous or like branches sparsely gland-pubescent above especially at bifurcations; branches arcuate or semi-erect, corymbosely 2-5-headed; peduncles 0.5-4.5 cm. long, slender, like involucre  $\pm$  canescent-tomentose and pubescent with unequal mottled gland-hairs; heads erect, medium, 44-58-flowered; involucre campanulate; outer involucral bracts 8-10, unequal, longest 2.5-3.0 mm. long, lanceolate, obtuse; inner involucral bracts 12-14, lanceolate, acute, innermost with membranous margins, becoming spongy-thickened dorsally at maturity, ultimately reflexed, ventrally glabrous; receptacle areolate, areolae ca. 0.4 mm. diam., glabrous, with circular elevation ca. 0.05 mm. high  $\times$  0.2 mm. diam., corolla ca. 9.5 mm. long; ligule ca. 5 mm.  $\times$  1.25 mm., teeth 0.25 mm. long, obtuse, conspicuously glanduliferous; corolla-tube slender, densely white pubescent with crinkled hairs; anther-tube ca. 2.4 mm.  $\times$  0.8 mm. dissected (length/width = 3), appendages 0.6 mm. long, acuminate; style-branches dark green or black, 0.5 mm. long; achenes golden brown, 4-4.5 mm. long, fusiform, narrowed toward the calloused hollow base, rather strongly attenuate toward the narrow summit, with expanded pappus-disk 0.25 mm. diam., 10-12-ribbed, ribs narrow, rounded, smooth; pappus 3.5-4.0 mm. long, white, of one or two series of fine soft barbellulate bristles, ± united at base, persistent. Flowering August; flowers yellow.

Tibet, Western Szechwan and Yunnan between 2700 and 5000 m. alt. Western Szechwan and Tibetan frontier, chiefly near Tatsienlu, 2700-5000 m., Pratt 599 (K) type; Tibet, Kiji Chu Valley near Lhasa, Walton in 1904 (K); Eastern Tibet, Tatsienlu, Soulié 750 (K);

Yunnan, Forrest 15608 (K) form 1.

## NUMBERED FORM

1. CREPIS TIBETICA, but stems branched only at the top forming a 3-5-headed close corymb; leaves dentate, finely hispidulous on both sides. *Forrest 15608* (K) Yunnan.

Relationship.—Most nearly related to C. gmelini (L) Tausch, but distinct from this in the much larger size of plant, the more strongly attenuate achenes, in size of corolla, size and length: width ratio of anther-tube, size of appendages, length of pappus and surface of receptacle. Less close, although similar, to C. elongata from which it differs notably in its corymbose aggregate inflorescence and more slender, golden brown achenes.