

HEYWOODIELLA Svent. et Bramwell; genus novum *

(Compositae - Liguliflorae - Cichorieae - Crepidineae)

Capitula mediocria bracteis involucralibus 50 - 60, 5 - serialibus, herbaceis, dorso hirsutis, post fructificationem deflexis. Receptaculo convexo superficie mammilloso - perforato, paleaceo paleis caducantibus. Achaeniis ferè conformibus, tenuibus breviter rostratis, quinque-costatis costis transverse striato-rugulosis, pappo sessili, simplici e setis 12-14 leviter inaequilongis, plus-minusve undulatis, breviter aculeatis e setis pergaminaceis longioribus sat distanter intermixtis. Suffrutices sempervirentes, plus-minusve laticiferi, caulibus adpressis foliis rosulatis. — Typus generis est species *Heywoodiella oligocephala* Svent. et Bramwell.

Heywoodiella oligocephala Svent. et Bramwell; nova spec.

Planta suffruticosa, depressè expande multicaulis, caulibus leviter laticiferis latice aquoso, albo-lutescenti, simplicibus vel rariore furcatis, infernè vaginarum foliorum vetustorum residuis plus minusve tectis, supernè foliis siccis vestitis; foliis temporariis laete viridibus, lucidis, crassiusculis, valde inaequilongis 30 - 80 mm long., 15 - 30 mm lat., lanceolatis, versus basin plus-minusve lineari-subpetiolatis apice sub-acutis, margine grosse dentata simul leviter undulato-crispata, anverse parciter sparsisve molliter verruculoso-aculeatis, laevis cum rhachide breviter setoso ex adverso, omnibus in rosulam planam congregatis; caule florifero erecto, 3 - 8 cm alt. (plus-minusve longitudine foliorum exteriorum aequante); generaliter 1 - 2-cephalo (rariore 3), strigoso, 1 - 2-foliato; pedunculis parce hirsutis, infra capitula sat incrassatis cum 1 - 3 bracteis lineari-squamiformibus ornatis. Capitula mediocria, poculiformia, ca. 15 mm long., bracteis involucralibus acutati-linearibus, dorso densè nigro-hirsuto, post florationem deflexis. Ligulae exteriores 15 - 20 mm long., limbo duplo longiore quam tubo, irregulariter 5-fido, luteo. Receptaculum 5 - 7 mm diam., dense paleaceum, paleis lineari-setaceis, achaenia leviter superantibus, 9 - 11 mm long., 1 mm lat., argentei-subtransparentibus, a media parte superiori in longam setulam filiformem

* In honorem cl. Prof. Dr. phil. V. H. HEYWOOD, florum hispanicae meritissimi investigatoris nominamus.

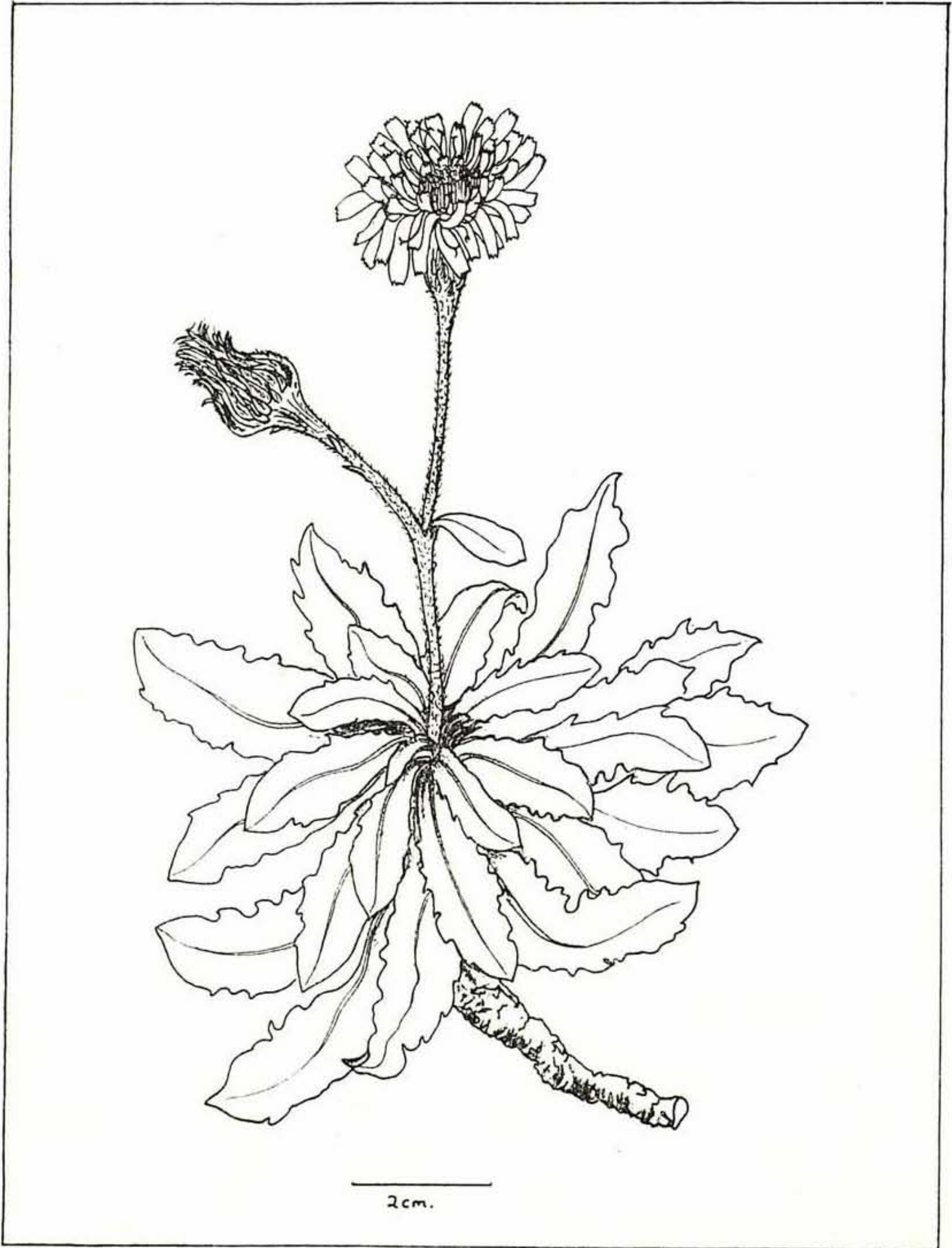


Fig. 1. — *Heywoodiella oligocephala* Svent. et Bramwell.

rufescentem, parcè albide squamulosam subornatis et cum setis duabus breviori-lateralibus stemmatis, paleae ad maturitatem achaeniorum valde caducantes. Achaenia anguste fusiformia, recta vel leviter curvata, plus minusve rostrata, sordide pentagona, longitudinaliter sulcata, costae transversè ruguloso-cristatae, rufescentia, ca. 5 mm long., pappo longitudine achaenia aequanti vel aliquantum superanti et stramineo colore. Floret et fructificat vere - aestate.

Habitat in fissuris humoso-argillosis inter saxa abrupta subumbrosa Teneriffae Insulae, regione boreo-occidentali, ubi 13 Julii 1969 cum flore et fructu primum lecta fuit.

Holotypus: *Heywoodiella oligocephala* Svent. et Bramwell in Herb. Universitatis Radingensis (RNG) servatus.

Isotypus: in Horti Acclimat. Plant. Orotavae (TENE) depositus.

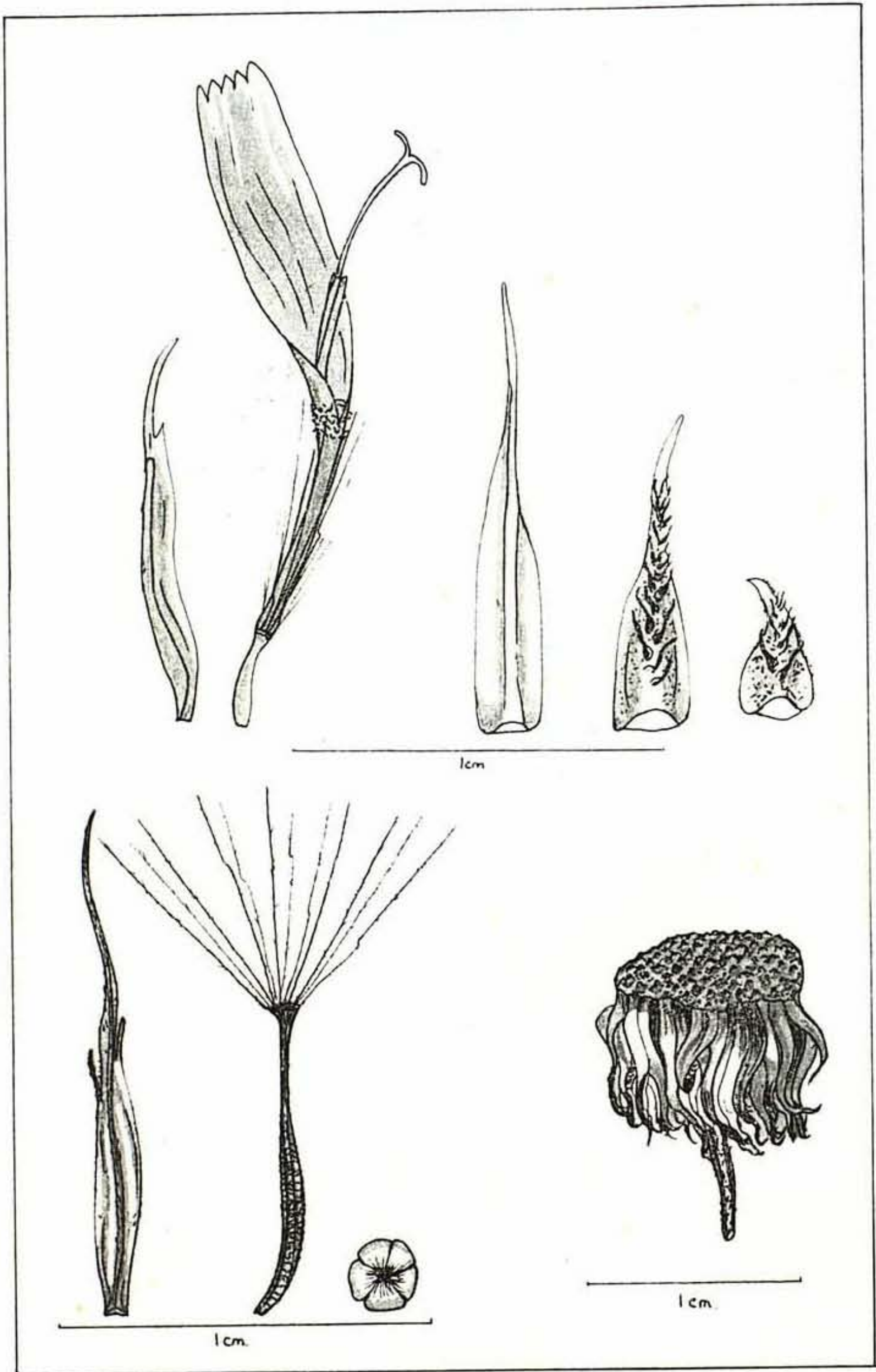


Fig. 2.—*Heywoodiella oligocephala* Svent. et Bramwell. Flos, fructus et receptaculum.