$2\frac{1}{2}$ mm. long, glabrous, smooth; styles 3, long, filiform, about 6 mm. long. Nom. Jap. Daisen-otogiri (nov.).

Hab. Prov. HÖKI: Summit of Mt. Daisen (Yasuhiko Asahina and Kiyo-TAKA HISAUCHI! 1926.).

This species differs from H. erectum Thuns. by having the much smaller and tufted stems, shorter leaves, larger flowers, and normal dichasium. It is also different from H. fujisanense Makino, which has the narrower and all black-dotted leaves, and from H. senanense Maxim. which has the all pellucid-dotted leaves.

Cirsium pendulum Fisch. var. albiflorum Makino, nov. var.

Flowers white.

Nom. Jap. Shirobana-takaazami (nov.).

Hab. MUSASHI: Shimura (T. Makino!).

Cirsium dipsacolepis (Maxim.) Matsum. Shokubutsu Mei-i (1895), p. 82. Tap-root perpendicularly descending in ground, laxly with short rootlets, attaining about 25 cm. long and 2 cm. or more in diameter, simple or little ramose, terete, whitish externally, white within, with a special odour, not hard, with thick bark. Stem erect, loosely ramose above, terete and more or less striate, green above, dark-purple below, thinly arachnoid with soft white hairs. Leaves alternate, petiolate, but sessile in the superior ones, pinnatiparted, but the superior ones pinnatifid or spinoso-dentate, nearly glabrous except the veins, herbaceous, green and often shaded with purple above, paler and loosely elevato-nervate beneath; lobes spreadingly erectpatent, loosely arranged, often very remote in the lower, ovate, spinoso-acute at the apex, often few-lobulate, repand-dentate and thinly spinulose; petiole slender, canaliculated in front, rounded dorsally, thinly pubescent, purple; radical leaves long-petiolate, tufted, dilated and embraced at the base. Head solitary on the top of the main stem and branches, with a few small lanceolate spinoso-acuminate and spinoso-margined leaves under it. Involucralscales numerous, imbricated, glabrous, arachnoid-ciliated below, herbaceous, green and shaded with light purple, dilated and closely embracing each other below, the upper portion subulato-lanceolate, patent or reflexed-patent, about 2-4 mm. broad.

Nom. Jap. Mori-azami, Yabu-azami.

Hab. JAPAN.

In the Hongô-mura near Iwamura, prov. Mino, this thistle is often cultivated for its edible roots, bearing the local name of Yama-gobô (meaning Mountain Burdock), and so called Sambe-gobô in the Mt. Sambe, prov. Iwami, is also the same species.

Lactuca stolonifera Benth. var. sinuata Makino, nov. var.

Leaves deeply pinnato-sinuate with orbicular, oval, or elliptical few lobes. Nom. Jap. Kikuba-dzishibari (nov.).

Hab. JAPAN, rather rare.