

valde attenuato; panicula terminali congesta 1–2 cm. diametro pluri-flora minute pubescenti; petalis 5 oblongis obtusis 2.5–3 mm. longis extus pubescentibus in alabastro paullo imbricatis; calyce ca. 1.2 mm. alto crassiusculo sparse pubescenti; lobis 5 ovatis acutis ca. 1 mm. altis; tubo stamineo urceolato ca. 1.7 mm. alto extus supra villosa margine dentato (dentibus antheriferis); antheris 10 subexsertis oblongis apiculatis; ovario piloso 2(?)–loculis; stylo glabro; bacca ca. 8 mm. diametro globosa glabra rubescenti monosperma.—ANGOLA: Giant Sable Country, between the Cuanza and Loando rivers, Sept. 20–22, 1923, *Anita G. Curtis* 258 (TYPE, Gray Herb.), 237, 291.—Readily separable from all the described members of its genus by the presence of alate leaf-rhachises and low stems arising from a horizontal caudex. Its congeners are shrubs or trees.

Lactuca tinctociliata, sp. nov., perennis 3–5.5 dm. alta; caulibus glaberrimis paullo glaucescentibus 1–2 mm. crassis teretibus simplicibus vel supra medium paullo stricte ramosis e radice ca. 12 mm. crasso recto simplici erumpentibus; foliis concoloribus margine purpureo-callosis integerrimis vel dentatis vel subulato-ciliatis costa subtus prominenti saepe purpureo-hispidis, caulinis paucis alternis caulibus in partibus inferioribus gestis lanceolato-linearibus sessilibus 4–7 cm. longis 3–4 mm. latis, superioribus gradatim valde reductis, radicalibus lineari-oblongatis 5–7 cm. longis 2–7 mm. latis basi in petiolum purpureo-tinctum alatum 1–2 mm. latum attenuatis; inflorescentia saepe cymosa cum bracteis lanceolatis minutis 1–3 mm. longis ornatis paucicapitulatis; capitulis late cylindratis 12–14 mm. altis 6–7 mm. crassis 1–7 mm. longe pedunculatis; tegulis acutis apicem versus villosulis, exterioribus anguste ovatis vel ovato-lanceolatis inaequalibus ca. 6 ca. 1–6 mm. longis plus minusve recurvatis, interioribus lanceolatis 10–12 mm. longis aequalibus; corollis flavis ca. 12 ca. 13–15 mm. longis, tubo ca. 5 mm. longo albo gracili, lamina oblonga ca. 10 mm. longa ca. 2.5 mm. lata tegulis 5–6 mm. longiori; achaeniis valde compressis oblongo-ovatis vel oblongatis 5–6 mm. longis supra in rostrum gracile ca. 1 mm. longum attenuatis basi obscure substipitatis scabridulis, costis ca. 12, marginalibus et centralibus crassioribus; pappi setis albis 5–7 mm. longis antrorse scabridulis.—ANGOLA: Giant Sable Country, between the Cuanza and Loando rivers, Sept. 1923, *Anita G. Curtis* 315, 218, 283 (TYPE, Gray Herb.).—Very well characterized by its narrow firm purple leaf-margins which commonly bear purplish-tinged teeth and fleshy cilia. I can find no described *Lactuca* that appears to be closely related to the one proposed here.