

To this genus I propose to append an imperfectly known species, of the southern borders of California, which has no pappus at all. It may prove to be a state of a pappose species.

A conspectus of the species, as now understood, is added in a note.*

* **MALACOTHRIX DC., Torr. & Gray.**

§ 1. MALACOLEPIS Gray, Pl. Fendl. Involucrum gradatim imbricatum pluriserialē, e squamis latissimis albo-scariosis, costa tantum viridi. Herba annua, capitulis majoribus.

1. **M. COULTERI** Gray, l. c. Receptaculum setis capillaribus persistentibus inter flores onustum: ligulæ forte flavidæ demum purpurascentes. Pappus exterior e setis 1-2 validioribus laevibus fere persistentibus.

2. **EUMALACOTHRIX.** Involucrum pauciseriale, e squamis angustis parum scariosis.

* Annuæ, leptophyllæ, capitulis solitariis majoribus scapos simplices terminantibus, involuci squamis gradatim imbricatis, floribus luteis. — *Malacothrix* DC.

2. **M. CALIFORNICA** DC. Laxe lanosa, nunc glabrata. Pappus exterior e setis 2 persistentibus cum denticulis nonnullis.

* * Annuæ, paniculato-ramosæ, capitulis minoribus, involucro plerumque bisepti, squamis interioribus æqualibus, exterioribus paucis brevibus calyculum referentibus, floribus pallide flavis demum purpurascensibus, foliis prasertim radicalibus runcinato-pinnatifidis. — *Leptoseris* Nutt.

← Pappus exterior e setis validioribus nudis sat persistentibus 1-8.

3. **M. TORREYI.** Spithamea ad sesquipedalem, fere glabra; ramis pedunculisque setis glanduliferis interdum parce munitis; capitulis mediocribus vel majusculis multifloris; involucro campanulato; achenio costis 5 subalatoprominulis insigniter angulato, valleculis bicostatis; pappo exteriori persistente e setis validis 4-8 (sæpius 5) denticulisque pluribus interjectis. — *M. sonchoides* Torr. in Stansbury, Rep. p. 392; Gray, Pl. Wright, 2, p. 105, p. p.; Eaton in Bot. King, p. 201, non Torr. & Gray, Fl. — From Salt Lake, Utah (Stansbury, S. Watson), to the western borders of Nevada (Anderson, S. Watson); and a slender, narrow-leaved form in southern Utah, collected by Dr. E. Palmer and Mrs. Thompson.

4. **M. FENDLERI** Gray, Pl. Wright, 2, p. 104. Humilis, fere glabra; involucro campanulato; achenio nigricante cylindrico æqualiter 15-costato, apice manifeste cupulato margine integerrimo; pappo exteriori persistente unisetoso. — New Mexico and Texas, on the Rio del Norte from near Sante Fé (Fendler) to El Paso (Wright) and still lower (Bigelow); also Guadalupe Cañon, Capt. Smith.

5. **M. XANTI.** Sesquipedalis, glabra vel glabrata; foliis fere omnibus radiocalibus runcinatis membranaceis; caule scapiformi gracillimo polypephalo; involucro cylindraceo; achenio castaneo costis 15 obtusis striato ob 5 paullo validiores angulato, apice cupulato obtuse 5-dentato; pappo exteriori e setis

CREPIS COOPERI = *Malacothrix crepoides* Gray, in *Pacif. R. R. Expl.* 12, p. 49, which is also no. 327 of Hall's Oregon collection. It

3-5 gracillimus subpersistentibus. — *M. parviflora*? Gray, in *Proc. Am. Acad.* 5, p. 163, non Benth. — Cape San Lucas, Lower California, no. 67, coll. L. J. Xantus.

—+ Pappus exterior præter denticulos minimos plane nullus. Capitula parva.

6. **M. SONCHOIDES** Torr. & Gray, Fl. Spithamæa, fere glabra; dentibus lobisve foliorum radicalium subspinuloso-apiculatis; acheniis fere linearibus 15-costatis ob costas 5 paulo majores sub-angulatis, apice haud contracto denticulis minimis albidis circa 15 coronulato. — *Leptoseris sonchoides* Nutt. in *Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc.* l. c. p. 438. *Malacothrix obtusa* Eaton, in *Bot. King*, l. c. quoad pl. Utah. — Upper Platte, Nuttall, Geyer (no. 40); Utah, S. Watson, Lieut. Wheeler.

7. **M. OBTUSA** Benth. Pl. Hartw. Spithamæa ad sesquipedalem; caulinis sæpius gracillimus amplius paniculatis subaphyllis; foliis radicalibus primum pl. m. albo-lanuginosis lobis dentibusque obtusis; acheniis obovato-oblongis pl. m. 15-costatis (costis secundariis aut prominulis aut fere evanidis), apice subcontracto annulo integerrimo. — *M. parviflora* Benth. l. c. est forma scaposa microcephala. — California, common. In this species the capillary bristles of the receptacle are often very evident, about twice the length of the akenes, and deciduous with them, very fragile, resembling bristles of the pappus.

* * * Annuæ, scapose, platyphyllæ, involucro præcedentis, floribus purpureis albisve. Pappus nullus. — *Anathrix*.

8. **M. PLATYPHYLLA**. Glaucescens; foliis dilatato-cuneatis venosis margine inæqualiter subspinuloso-denticulatis; scapo nudo ultrapedali superne laxe corymboso-ramoso polycephalo; involuci squamis propriis ovato-oblongis, accessoriis calyculi paucis brevibus. — S. E. California, in gravelly soil near Fort Mohave, Dr. J. G. Cooper.

* * * Perennes vel biennes? basi nunc suffrutescentes. Receptaculum subalveolatum, alveolis dentatis.

← Albifloræ (nunc purpurascentes), glabratæ, caulinis foliatis, capitulis sæpius paniculatis majusculis. — *Leucoseris* Nutt.

9. **M. SAXATALIS**. Tenuiter tomentulosa et glabrata, nunc fere glabra; foliis lanceolatis imisive oblongo-spathulatis nunc laciniato-pinnatifidis; acheniis lineari-oblongis 10-costatis, coronula prominulo 10-denticulato. — *M. saxatilis* & *M. commutata* Torr. & Gray, l. c. *Hieracium?* *Californicum* DC. *Sonchus?* *Californicus* Hook. & Arn. *Leucoseris saxatilis* & *Californica* Nutt. l. c. — Santa Barbara and southward.

10. **M. TENUIFOLIA** Torr. & Gray, l. c. & *Bot. Mex. Bound.* p. 106. Glaberrima vel mox glabrata; foliis angustissime linearibus vel filiformibus sæpe 3-5-partitis; capitulis paucis in pedunculis filiformibus; acheniis obovatis, coronula obscura. — *Leucoseris tenuifolia* Nutt. l. c.? — In the Botany of the Mexican Boundary, I stated that "from three to five of the bristles of the pappus are