

brevibus integriusculis; capitulo vix ultra semipollucem alto; pappi paleis linearibus 13-15.—*C. suffrutescens*, Gray, Syn. Fl. l. c., quoad pl. coll. Parish.—On the southern border of California, 1882, *Parish Brothers*, and near Hanson's Ranch, within Lower California, *C. R. Orcutt*, 1884.

MICROSERIS HOWELLI. *Scorzonella*, post *M. sylvaticam*; caule gracili e radice fusiformi 1-3-cephalo saepe ramoso; foliis elongatis (majoribus pedalibus) angusto-linearibus sursum attenuatis aut integrimis aut lobulis paucis refractis; capitulis parvulis 15-20-floris; involueri bracteis acuminatis, interioribus (semipollucaribus) oblongo-lanceolatis exteriore paucas basi subovatas 2-3-plo superantibus; pappi setis 8-10 nudis (sub lente tantum denticulatis) basi in paleam lanceolatam 4-5-plo breviorem sensim dilatatis.—Waldo, S. W. Oregon, June 3, 1884, *Howell*.

Ericaceæ.

CASSIOPE OXYCOCCOIDES. Habitus *Loiseleuriae* vel *Vaccinii Vitis-Idæe* depauperatae; foliis plerisque oppositis ellipticis crassocoriaceis (lin. 2-3 longis) aperte petiolatis, marginibus pl. m. revolutis, costa subtus prominente; pedunculo terminali brevi apice involucratim 4-bracteato trifloro; pedicellis brevissimis; floribus 5-meris; corolla sepalis oblongis subdupo longiore sub-urceolato-campanulata, ore breviter 5-lobo.—A peculiar little plant, growing among Mosses and Lichenes, along with *Diapensia*, on Behring or Bering Island, off the coast of Kamtschatka, coll. 1883 by Dr. L. Steineger, a single specimen only in the collection, where *Bryanthus Gmelini* was also gathered. It appears to be a congener of *Cassiope Stelleriana*, but with a narrower mouth and much shorter lobes to the corolla, and a different habit and foliage, as the comparisons in the specific character indicate. Dr. Steineger made interesting collections on these islands, so long ago explored by Steller and little visited since. A list of the plants gathered by him, with interesting notes, is published in the Bulletin of the National Museum, Washington.

SCHWEINITZIA, a Genus of two Species.

The discovery of a second species of a genus supposed to be monotypical is always interesting, the more so when the genus itself is peculiar. The genus *Schweinitzia* of Elliot, a member of the *Mono-tropeæ*, is of this kind. Some time ago I received from Miss Mary C. Reynolds, at first indirectly and then directly, specimens which differ from the original *S. odorata*, and now (December 9) I am