

bract shape, and the short beak of the achene. In view of the total variation shown by *L. viminea* throughout its range, however, and the fact that material described by Rechinger (W) does not have fully ripe achenes, I feel that subspecific rank is appropriate. There is no existing name at subspecific rank, and the following new combination is therefore required:

*Lactuca viminea* (L.) J. & C. Presl subsp. *alpestris* (Gand.) Feráková, comb. et stat. nov.

Syn. *Phoenixopus alpestris* Gand. in *Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr.*, 62: 155 (1914).

*Lactuca alpestris* (Gand.) Rech. fil. in *Denkschr. Akad. Wiss. Math.-Nat. Kl. (Wien)*, 105: 160 (1943).

*L. viminea* (L.) J. & C. Presl var. *decumbens* Halácsy, *Consp. Fl. Graec.*, Suppl. 2: 57 (1912) (in *Magyar Bot. Lapok*, 11: 167 (1912)).

V. FERÁKOVÁ

(252) *Picris* L.

(1) *P. algarbiensis* Franco, sp. nov.

Biennis vel breviperennis, caule erecto 50-90 cm alto, inerme vel subinermis, proximalibus 2/3 simplicibus, superne paniculato-ramosis. Folia integra spinis sparsissimis parvis basi bulbiferis et setis nonnullis (setis plerumque supra costam subtus) instructa; folia basalia rosulata, tenuia, oblongo-elliptica, in petiolum brevem attenuata folia caulina sparsa, pauca, parva, oblonga sessiliaque. Capitula (6-)10-20, pedunculis post anthesin non vel parce incrassatis. Involucrum 16-18 × 6-8(-10) mm, cylindraceum, bracteis externis 3-5 × 2-3 mm sed apice in mucronem gracilem 1-3 mm productis, non setosis, ellipticis, margine pectinato-spinosis, internis 16-18 × 2-3.5 mm, lineari-oblongis, appendice ultra bractee apicem paululum extenso. Achaenia 9-11 × 1.5 mm, olivacea, subcylindracea, in rostrum parte seminifera plerumque duplo longioribus attenuata, pappo 8-10 mm, albido.

Habitat in siccis schistosis subtus suberetos Lusitaniae australis. Holotypus: Silves: S. Marcos de Serra, próx. do caminho de ferro—Sobreiral em encosta xistosa sobre a ribeira de Odelouca. *J. P. Horta Correia*, 22-vi-1969 (LISI).

(2) *P. spinifera* Franco, sp. nov.

Biennis valde spinosa, caule erecto 20-75 cm alto, spinis plurimis et setis instructo, plerumque e basi corymboso-ramoso. Folia spinis basi bulbiferis et setis dense instructa; folia basalia rosulata, crassa, oblanceolata vel obovata, integra, in petiolum usque 1/5 folii longitudinis attingente; folia caulina infera basalibus similia sed subsessilia, distalia gradatim minora, sessilia semi-amplexicaulia. Capitula plurima; pedunculis plurimis spinis, setis et pubescentia breve obtectis. Involucrum 11-14(-15) × 10-13 mm, late campanulatum, bracteis externis 4-6 × 1.5-2 mm sed apice in mucronem validum 1-3 mm productis, oblongis vel subellipticis, non setosis, spinis validis nonnullis supra nervum medium non exsertum, margine pectinato-spinosis, internis 10-13(-14) × 1.5-3 mm, lanceolato-oblongis, setis sed non spinis secus lineam mediam instructis, margine scariosa integra, appendice ultra bractee apicem paululum extenso. Achaenia 7-9 × 1 mm, flavescentia, fusiformia, in rostrum subequilongum parte seminifera attenuata, pappo 6-8 mm, albido.