

- Melissa, (cultivated, species imperfect.)  
 Mentha, ( " " " )  
 Marrubium crispum, Hab. in Hispania.  
 Datura metel<sup>1</sup>, Hab. in Asia, Africa, et Ins. Canariis.  
 Capsicum cerasiforme, (cultivated.)  
 „ frutescens, ( „ )  
 Nicotiana pusilla, ( „ )  
 Solanum mammosum, Hab. in Barbado.  
 Heliotropium incanum, Hab. in Peru.  
 Convolvulus batatas, (cultivated.)  
 „ ——— (species imperfect.)  
 Asclepias pubescens, Hab. ad C. B. Spei.  
 Prenanthes ———, new species<sup>2</sup>.  
 Sonchus Goreensis, Hab. in Goree.  
 Cnicus flavescens, Hab. in Hispania.  
 Anthemis ———<sup>1</sup>.  
 Sinapis—an brassicata? (cultivated.)  
 Malva tomentosa, Hab. Ind<sup>m</sup>.  
 „ polystachya, Hab. in Peru.  
 „ spicata, Hab. in Jamaica, Brasilia.  
 Sida Canariensis, Hab. in ins. Canariis.  
 Gossypium Indicum<sup>n</sup>, Hab. in India, &c.  
 Sedum ———, species imperfect<sup>o</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Native name Berbiaca; the calyx is bruised, and applied as a dressing to simple wounds.

<sup>2</sup> Caule racemoso, foliis linearibus, integerrimis, remotis, passim in spinis fortibus mutatis, P. spinosa? *Bowdich*. It seems to me very probable, that the poor and sandy soil of Bona Vista has occasioned the transformation of the leaves of this plant into thorns.

This specimen was very imperfect, but the radius was yellow, and the whole head globose. The leaves were lance-shaped, dentated like a saw, and the whole plant was covered with cotton. This, and the Cnicus, are both given as strengtheners after fever, in the form of an infusion.

<sup>m</sup> The natives call this plant Pontadery; it is one of the ingredients for making the dye Broidge, and a decoction of its roots is given as a cooling drink.

<sup>o</sup> No other use is made of this plant at Bona Vista, than that of squeezing the seeds into water, and then dropping the liquid into the ear, or washing the mouth with it, whenever these parts are affected.

The leaves are bruised for making cataplasms.