

Mississippi. Is the American species identic with the East Indian?

7. Sp. 145. *Ipomea avicularis*. This plant must be called and characterized as follows. *Ornithosperma serotina* Raf. Volubilis, foliis cordatis trilobis longe petiolatis, lobis acutis; floribus solitariis, sepalis calicinalis acuminatis. Raf. Very distinct from *Ipomea* by the capsul and stigma. The name means *Bird's seed*.
8. Sp. 150. *Tecoma radicans*, add *Bignonia radicans* L. &c.
9. Sp. 158. *Asclepias procumbens*, must be called *Anthanotis procumbens* Raf. Mr. Elliot has given to the genus *Anthanotis*, the name of *Acerates*, meaning *without horns*; my name means *flowers without ears*, and is rather better, since there is already a genus of plants called *Aceras* by Brown.
10. Sp. 163. *Gelsemium sempervirens*, add *Bignonia sempervirens* L. *Gels. nitidum* Mich. Pursh. Mg. This last author mentions that it is found on the banks of the Mississippi.
11. Sp. 168. *Hopea tinctoria* L. add *Simplocos tinctoria* L'Heritier and Mg. who says that it grows near Natchez.
12. Sp. 175. *Krigia oppositifolia*, must rather be called *Serinia cespitosa* Raf. The genus *Serinia* differs from *Krigia* by the naked seeds; the name means *small chicory*.
13. Sp. 176. *Prenanthes glauca*, must rather be called *Esopon glaucum*, differing from *Prenanthes* and