

Hab.—In sylvis nunquam inundatis ad ostia fluminis Jutahi.

Obs.—Readily distinguished from typical *G. arundinacea* by the spadix; from *G. pycnostachys* by the leaves, by the subglabrous spadix, and by the rather prominent and entire lip of the alveoli.

§ 2. *Schistospadices*.—Spadix ramosus, ramis simplicibus vel inferioribus etiam ramosis.

† Floris ♀ tubus stamineus cylindricus, ore breviter 6-dentatus.

‡ Alveoli 3-natim verticillati (rarius 4-natim, vel sub-5-7-stichi) labio inferiore integro vel emarginato.

5. *G. OLIGOCLONA*, sp. n. (Trail hb. Palm., nos. 171, 201).—*G. gracilis*, caudice 1·0^m-2·5^m, diam. ·012^m; foliis ·60^m-1·0^m pinnati-sectis; petiolo (vagina ·10^m inclusa) ·30^m-·45^m supra canaliculato, pinnis trijugis, oppositis, jugis 2 inferioribus confertis rhomboideo-acinaciformibus, tenui-acuminatis ·20^m-·28 × ·04 -·07^m, apicalibus latioribus ·28 × ·075^m-·100^m; pinnis papyraceis, nitenti-viridibus; venis primariis utrinque 23-24, bis flexis, ·12 -·20^m, iis pinnarum inferiorum medio angulum 70°-90° cum costa efformantibus, iis pinnarum apicalium angulum 40°-50°; spadicebus rubris, 4-8 in quaque stirpe infra folia ortis, pedunculo erecto, spathis firmis ovatis brevibus (·035^m-·060^m) velato, apice in ramos 2-4 (rarius 5) simplices ·175^m-·275^m × ·004^m, decumbentes fisso; alveolis 3-natim verticillatis, raro 6-stichis, labio inferiore integro, apiculato; floribus iis *G. paniculigeræ* simillimis; fl. ♂ corolla calyce dimidio vel duplo longiore; fl. ♀ tubo stamineo lageniformi-cylindrico, ore breviter 6-dentato; fructibus—.

Hab.—In sylvis primævis ad Barreiras de Tunantins; et ad fl. Solimoês, ad "Barreira branca" ad fl. Jutahi, floret mensibus Decembro et Januario.

Obs.—This species is very like *G. aspidifolia*, Spruce, in habit, leaves, spathes, and few-branched spadix; but differs in the length and direction of the branches, in the arrangement of the alveoles, and in the 6-toothed staminal tube of the ♀ fl.

6. *G. laxiflora*, Mart. (Trail hb. Palm., 59 et 116).—Caudice flexuoso, 1·80 -4·80^m × ·012^m; foliis terminalibus ·60^m-·75^m simplicibus bifurcis, vel ·45^m-·60^m varie pinnati-sectis, pinnis 2-jugis ligulari-rhomboideis subfalcato-acuminatis vel pinna graminea interposita; venis utrinque 18-22, bis flexis, medio angulum 25°-30° cum costa efformantibus, subtus pubescentibus; petiolo (vagina inclusa) ·15^m supra profunde canaliculato; spadicebus ·30^m-·45^m rubris, pedunculo ·075^m-·100^m erecto, spathas firmas breves (·035^m-·050^m) superante, ramos plerumque 9-10 simplices vel infimos bifidos, tenues, pendulos, ·25^m-·30^m proferente; alveolis ad basin rami irregulariter 5-6-stichis, supra 3-natim verticillatis, verticillis remotiusculis, labio inferiore truncato, integro vel emarginato;